

Model DPV-1 Dry Pipe Valve External Resetting

General Description

The TYCO Model DPV-1 Dry Pipe Valves are differential valves used to automatically control the flow of water into dry pipe fire protection sprinkler systems upon operation of one or more automatic sprinklers. The DPV-1 also provides for actuation of fire alarms upon system operation. The Model DPV-1 features are as follows:

- · External reset.
- 250 psi (17,2 bar) pressure rating.
- Unique offset single clapper design enabling a simple compact valve to minimize installation labor.
- Ductile iron construction to ensure a lightweight valve to minimize shipping cost.
- A variety of inlet and outlet connections.
- Compact, Pre-Trimmed, and Semi-Assembled, easy to operate valve trim
- Simple reset procedure through the elimination of priming water.

Dry pipe sprinkler systems are used in unheated warehouses, parking garages, store windows, attic spaces, loading docks, and other areas exposed to freezing temperatures, where water filled pipe cannot be utilized. When set for service, the dry pipe sprinkler system is pressurized with air (or nitrogen). The loss of pressure through an operated automatic sprinkler in response to heat from a fire permits the DPV-1 Dry Pipe Valve to open and allow a flow of water into the sprinkler system piping. Table B establishes the minimum required system air pressure that includes a safety factor to help prevent false operations that might occur due to water supply fluctuations.

IMPORTANT

Refer to Technical Data Sheet TFP2300 for warnings pertaining to regulatory and health information.



Available Sizes and End Connections						
		Nominal Valve Size				
End Connection	2-1/2 in. (DN65)	3 in. (DN80)	4 in. (DN100)	6 in. (DN150)		
Flange x Flange	N/A	N/A	•	•		
Flange x Groove	N/A	N/A	•	•		
Groove x Groove • • • •						
• = Available						

● = Available N/A = Not Available

NOTICE

The Model DPV-1 Dry Pipe Valves described herein must be installed and maintained in compliance with this document, as well as with the applicable standards of the National Fire Protection Association, in addition to the standards of any other authorities having jurisdiction. Failure to do so may impair the performance of these devices.

The owner is responsible for maintaining their fire protection system and devices in proper operating condition. Contact the installing contractor or product manufacturer with any questions.

Technical Data

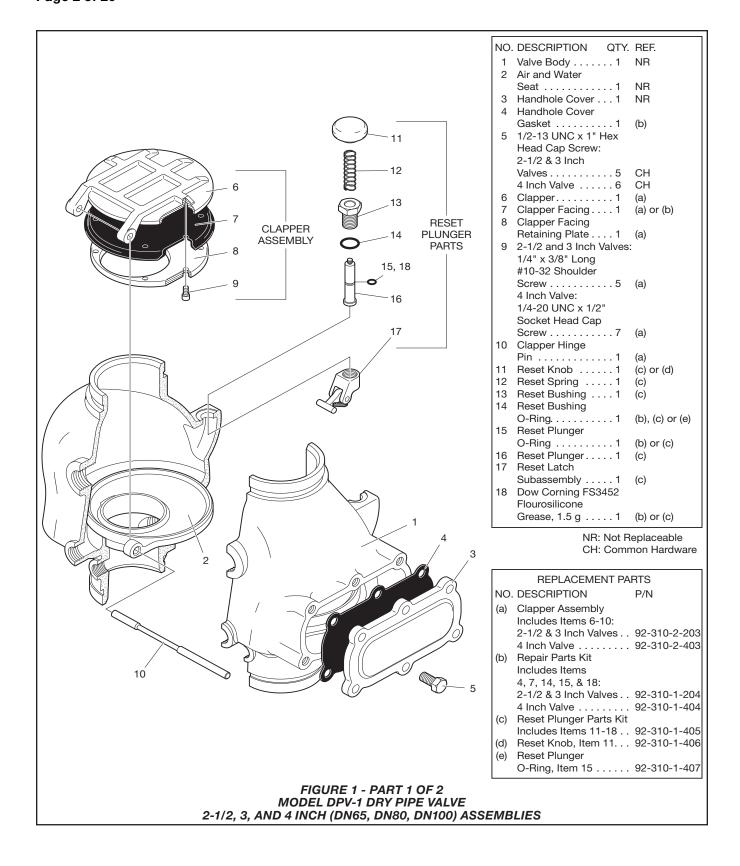
Approvals
UL and C-UL Listed
FM Approved
NYC Approved

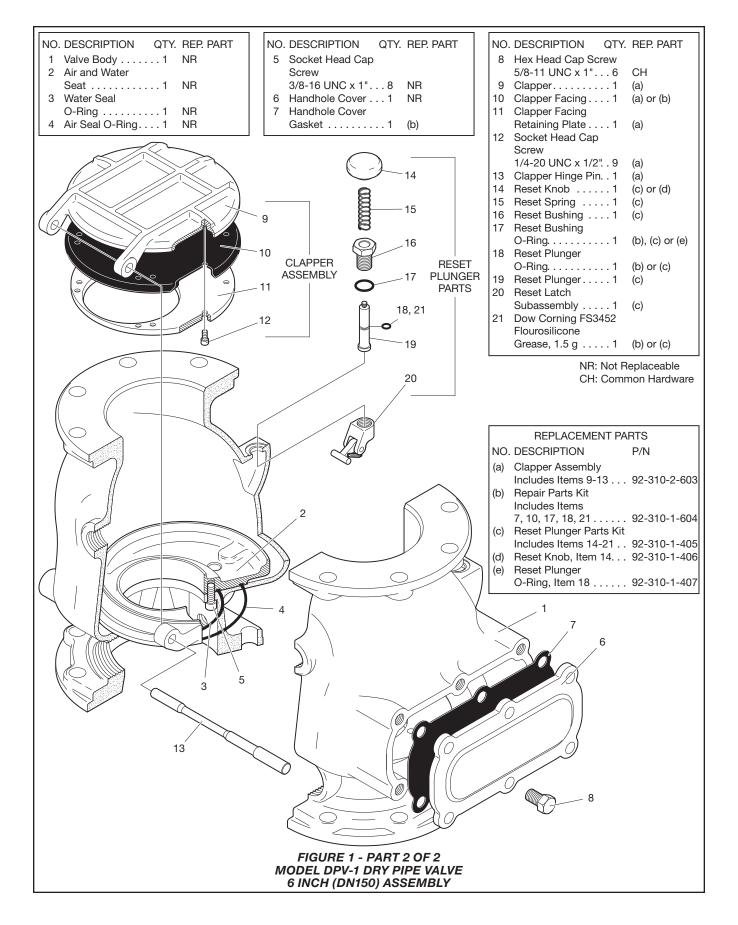
Dry Pipe Valve

The TYCO Model DPV-1 Dry Pipe Valves shall be installed in the vertical orientation only (supply at bottom flowing upward) and are rated for use at a maximum service pressure of 250 psi (17,2 bar). Valve and trim dimensions are shown in Figure 6.

Flanged connections are available and drilled per ANSI, ISO, AS, and JIS specifications (Ref. Table A). The grooved outlet connections, as applicable, are cut in accordance with standard groove specifications for steel pipe. They are suitable for use with grooved end pipe couplings that are listed or approved for fire protection system service. Available combinations of inlet and outlet connections are described in the Ordering Procedure section and in the Available End Connection and Sizes table on page 1.

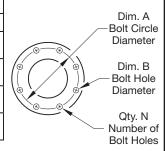
Trim port connections of valves having flanges drilled to ANSI, AS, or JIS spec-





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Flange Drilling Spe					Specifi	cation							
	Nominal	Nominal Dimensions in Inches and (mm)											
Valve ANSI B16.11 Size (Class 125)				ISO 7005-2 (PN16) ²		JI	JIS B 2210 (10K)		AS 2129 (Table E)				
		Dim. A	Dim. B	Qty. N	Dim. A	Dim. B	Qty. N	Dim. A	Dim. B	Qty. N	Dim. A	Dim. B	Qty. N
	4 in. (DN100)	7.50 (190,5)	0.75 (19,0)	8	7.09 (180,0)	0.75 (19,0)	8	6.89 (175,0)	0.59 (15,0)	8	7.00 (178,0)	0.71 (18,0)	8
	6 in. (DN150)	9.50 (241,3)	0.88 (22,2)	8	9.45 (240,0)	0.91 (23,0)	8	9.45 (240,0)	0.75 (19,0)	8	9.25 (235,0)	0.87 (22,0)	8



- Drilling same as ANSI B16.5 (Class 150) and ANSI B16.42 (Class 150).
 Drilling same as BS 4504 Section 3.2 (PN16) and DIN 2532 (PN16).

TABLE A **SELECTION OF FLANGE DRILLING SPECIFICATIONS**

ifications are NPT threaded per ANSI Standard B1.20.1. Trim port connections of valves having flanges drilled to ISO are available either threaded per ISO 7-1 or NPT threaded per ANSI Standard B1.20.1. Valves with NPT threaded ports will readily accept the trim arrangements shown in Parts 2 and 3 of Figures 3, 4, and 5.

Model DPV-1 Valve assemblies are shown in Figure 1. The Body and Handhole Cover are ductile iron. The Handhole Cover Gasket is neoprene, and the Clapper Facing is EPDM. The Air/ Water Seat Ring is brass, the Clapper is bronze or aluminum bronze, and both the Clapper Retaining Plate and Latch are bronze. The Hinge Pin is aluminum bronze, and the fasteners for the Handhole Cover are carbon steel.

Installation dimensions are provided in Figure 6, and Valve Trim and Pre-Trimmed Valve Assemblies are shown in Figures 3, 4, and 5.

The valve trim, ordered separately or as a pre-trimmed valve assembly, forms a part of the laboratory listings and approvals of the DPV-1 Valve and is necessary for the proper operation of the DPV-1 Valve.

Trim packages or pre-trimmed valve assemblies include the following equipment:

- Water Supply Pressure Gauge
- System Air Pressure Gauge
- Air Supply Connections
- · Main Drain Valve
- · Low Body Drain Valve
- Alarm Test Valve
- · Automatic Drain Valve
- Drip Funnel
- Connections For Optional Quick Opening Device (Accelerator)

Pre-trimmed valve assemblies also include the following equipment:

- Model BFV-300 butterfly valve
- Figure 577 grooved coupling
- PS10-2 waterflow alarm switch
- PS40-2 low air pressure alarm switch

Order the above equipment separately when ordering trim packages separately.

Note: When the system pressure is greater than 175 psi (12,1 bar), provision shall be made to replace the standard order 300 psi (20,7 bar) Water Pressure gauge with a separately ordered 600 psi (41,4 bar) Water Pressure Gauge.

Weights

The following are the nominal weights for Pre-Trimmed Valve Assemblies, Semi-Assembled Trim, and DPV-1 Valves without trim.

Pre-Trimmed DPV-1 Valve Assemblies:

2-1/2 in. (DN65) GxG87 lb (40 kg	y)
3 in. (DN80) GxG90 lb (42 kg	y)
4 in. (DN100) GxG121 lb (56 kg	y)
4 in. (DN100) FxG135 lb (64 kg	y)
4 in. (DN100) FxF145 lb (69 kg	y)
6 in. (DN150) GxG175 lb (81 kg	y)
6 in. (DN150) FxG195 lb (90 kg	y)
6 in. (DN150) FxF208 lb (96 kg	g)

Standard Galvanized Semi-Assembled DPV-1 Trim:

2-1/2 in. (DN65)	.23	lb	(11	kg)
3 in. (DN80)	.23	lb	(11	kg)
4 in. (DN100)	.30	lb	(14	kg)
6 in. (DN150)	.30	lb	(14	kg)

DPV-1 Valve (Without Trim):

2-1/2 in. (DN65) GxG37 lb	(17	kg)
3 in. (DN80) GxG38 lb	(18	kg)
4 in. (DN100) GxG57 lb	(26	kg)
4 in. (DN100) FxG 67 lb	(31	kg)

4 in. (DN100) FxF	. 77	lb	(36	kg)
6 in. (DN150) GxG	. 95	lb	(44	kg)
6 in. (DN150) FxG	108	lb	(50	kg)
6 in.(DN150) FxF	121	lb	(56	kg)

Air Supply

Table B shows the system air pressure requirements as a function of the water supply pressure. The air (or nitrogen) pressure in the sprinkler system is recommended to be automatically maintained by using one of the following pressure maintenance devices, as appropriate:

- Model AMD-1 Air Maintenance Device (pressure reducing type)
- Model AMD-2 Air Maintenance Device (compressor control type)
- Model AMD-3 Nitrogen Maintenance Device (high pressure reducing type)

The Pressure Relief Valve provided with the valve trim is factory set to relieve at a pressure of approximately 45 psi (3,1 bar). If the normal system air pressure is less than or exceeds 40 psi (2,8 bar), then the pressure Relief Valve must be reset to relieve at a pressure that is in accordance with the authority having jurisdiction.

Quick Opening Device

The Model DPV-1 Dry Pipe Valve may optionally be equipped with an electronic or mechanical dry pipe valve accelerator. Select the VIZOR Electronic Dry Pipe Valve Accelerator (4 and 6 in. sizes only) described in Technical Data Sheet TFP1105 or the Model ACC-1 Mechanical Dry Pipe Valve Accelerator (2-1/2 through 6 in. sizes) described in Technical Data Sheet TFP1112.

The VIZOR or the ACC-1 is used to reduce the time to valve actuation following the operation of one or more automatic sprinklers. In some cases the use of a quick opening device such as the VIZOR or the ACC-1 may be required to meet the requirements of the National Fire Protection Association to meet water delivery times.

Maximum Water Supply Pressure psi	System Air Pressure Range psi
20	10
60	15 - 23
80	20 - 28
100	25 - 33
120	30 - 38
145	35 - 43
165	40 - 48
185	45 - 53
205	50 - 58
225	55 - 63
250	60 - 68

TABLE B SYSTEM AIR PRESSURE REQUIREMENTS

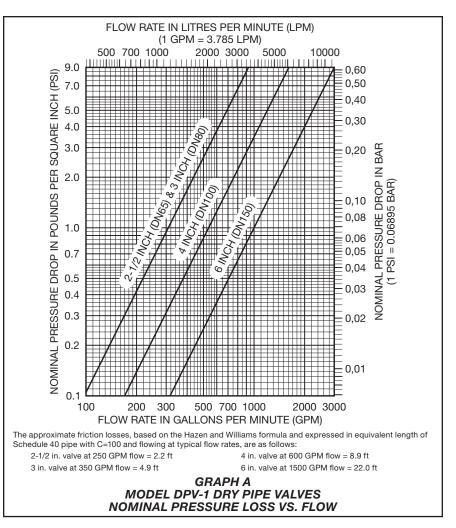
Operation

The TYCO Model DPV-1 Dry Pipe Valve is a differential type valve that utilizes a substantially lower system (air or nitrogen) pressure than the supply (water) pressure, to maintain the set position shown in Figure 2A. The differential nature of the DPV-1 is based on the area difference between the air seat and the water seat in combination with the ratio of the radial difference from the Hinge Pin to the center of the Water Seat and the Hinge Pin to the center of the Air Seat. The difference is such that 1 psi (0,07 bar) of system air pressure can hold approximately 5.5 psi (0,38 bar) of water supply pressure.

Table B establishes the minimum required system air pressure that includes a safety factor to help prevent false operations that occur due to water supply fluctuations.

The Intermediate Chamber of the DPV-1 is formed by the area between the Air Seat and Water Seat as shown in Figure 2B. The Intermediate Chamber normally remains at atmospheric pressure through the Alarm Port connection and the valve trim to the normally open Automatic Drain Valve (Fig. 3, 4, or 5). Having the Intermediate Chamber, Figure 2B, open to atmosphere is critical to the DPV-1 Valve remaining set, otherwise the full resulting pressure of the system air pressure on top of the Clapper Assembly cannot be realized.

For example, and assuming a water supply pressure of 100 psi (6,9 bar), if the system air pressure is 25 psi (1,7 bar) and there was 15 psi (1,0 bar) pressure trapped in the Intermediate Chamber, the resulting pressure across the top of the Clapper would only be 10 psi (0,7 bar). This pressure would be insufficient to hold the Clapper Assembly closed against a water supply pres-



sure of 100 psi (6,9 bar). It is for this reason that the plunger of the Automatic Drain Valve must be depressed during several of the resetting steps, as well as during inspections, making certain that the Automatic Drain Valve is open.

When one or more automatic sprinklers operate in response to a fire. air pressure within the system piping is relieved through the open sprinklers. When the air pressure is sufficiently reduced, the water pressure overcomes the differential holding the Clapper Assembly closed and the Clapper Assembly swings clear of the water seat, as shown in Figure 2C, This action permits water flow into the system piping and subsequently to be discharged from any open sprinklers. Also, with the Clapper Assembly open. the intermediate chamber is pressurized and water flows through the alarm port (Ref. Figure 2B) at the rear of the DPV-1 Valve to actuate system water flow alarms. The flow from the alarm port is also sufficient to close the otherwise normally open Automatic Drain Valve in the valve trim.

After a valve actuation and upon subsequent closing of a system main control valve to stop water flow, the Clapper Assembly will latch open as shown in Figure 3D. Latching open of the DPV-1 will permit complete draining of the system (including any loose scale) through the main drain port.

During the valve resetting procedure and after the system is completely drained, the external reset knob can be easily depressed to externally unlatch the Clapper Assembly, as shown in Figure 2E. As such, the Clapper Assembly is returned to its normal set position to facilitate setting of the dry pipe sprinkler system, without having to remove the Handhole Cover.

Installation

General Instructions

Proper operation of the Model DPV-1 Dry Pipe Valve depends upon its trim being installed in accordance with the instructions given in this Technical Data Sheet. Failure to follow the appropriate trim diagram may prevent the DPV-1 Valve from functioning properly, as well as void listings, approvals, and the manufacturer warranties.

Failure to latch open the Clapper Assembly prior to a system hydrostatic test may result in damage to the Clapper Assembly.

The DPV-1 Valve must be installed in a readily visible and accessible location.

The DPV-1 Valve and associated trim must be maintained at a minimum temperature of 40°F (4°C).

Heat tracing of the DPV-1 Valve or its associated trim is not permitted. Heat tracing can result in the formation of hardened mineral deposits that are capable of preventing proper operation.

The Model DPV-1 Dry Pipe Valve is to be installed in accordance with the following criteria:

- All nipples, fittings, and devices must be clean and free of scale and burrs before installation. Use pipe thread sealant sparingly on male pipe threads only.
- The DPV-1 Valve must be trimmed in accordance with Figures 3, 4, or 5, as applicable. If the DPV-1 is to

be equipped with a Dry Pipe Valve Accelerator, refer to the Technical Data Sheet TFP1105 for the VIZOR Electronic Dry Pipe Valve Accelerator or TFP1112 for the Model ACC-1 Mechanical Dry Pipe Valve Accelerator.

- Care must be taken to make sure that check valves, strainers, globe valves, etc. are installed with the flow arrows in the proper direction.
- Drain tubing to the drip funnel must be installed with smooth bends that will not restrict flow.
- The main drain and drip funnel drain may be interconnected provided a check valve is located at least 12 in. (300 mm) below the drip funnel. The Low Body Drain Valve (Figure 3, 4, or 5) may be piped so as to discharge into the Drip Funnel or to a separate drain.
- Suitable provision must be made for disposal of drain water. Drainage water must be directed such that it will not cause accidental damage to property or danger to persons.
- Unused pressure alarm switch and/ or water motor alarm connections must be plugged.
- The Pressure Relief Valve provided with the Valve Trim is factory set to relieve at a pressure of approximately 45 psi (3,1 bar), which can typically be used for a maximum normal system air pressure of 40 psi (2,8 bar). The Pressure Relief Valve may be reset to a lower or higher pressure;

however, it must be reset to relieve at a pressure which is in accordance with the requirements of the authority having jurisdiction.

To reset the Pressure Relief Valve, first loosen the jam nut and then adjust the cap accordingly — clockwise for a higher pressure setting or counter-clockwise for a lower pressure setting. After verifying the desired pressure setting, tighten the jam nut.

- Installation of an Air Maintenance Device, as described in the Technical Data Section, is recommended.
- An Inspector's Test Connection as required By NFPA 13 must be provided on the system piping at the most remote location from the Model DPV-1 Valve.
- Conduit and electrical connections are to be made in accordance with the requirements of the authority having jurisdiction and/or the National Electric Code.
- Before a system hydrostatic test is performed in accordance with NFPA 13 system acceptance test requirements, the Clapper Assembly is to be manually latched open (Ref. Figure 2D); the Automatic Drain Valve (Figure 3, 4, or 5) is to be temporarily replaced with a 1/2 in. NPT plug, the 3/32 in. Vent Fitting (Item 13, Figure 3; Item 15, Figure 4; or Item 15, Figure 5) is to be temporarily replaced with a 1/4 in. NPT plug, and the Handhole Cover Bolts are to be tightened using a cross-draw sequence.

Valve Setting Procedure

Steps 1 through 11 are to be performed when initially setting the Model DPV-1 Dry Pipe Valve; after an operational test of the fire protection system; or, after system operation due to a fire.

NOTES: If the DPV-1 is equipped with a Dry Pipe Valve Accelerator, refer to its resetting instructions before resetting the DPV-1. Refer to TFP1105 for the VIZOR or TFP1112 for the ACC-1.

Based on the instructions provided, reset the Accelerator at the appropriate time during the resetting of the DPV-1.

Unless otherwise noted, refer to Figure 3, 4, or 5 to identify functional trim components.

Step 1. Close the Main Control Valve, and close the Air Supply Control Valve. If the DPV-1 is equipped with a Dry Pipe Valve Accelerator, remove the Dry Pipe Valve Accelerator from service in accordance with its Technical Data Sheet (Refer to TFP1105 for the VIZOR or TFP1112 for the ACC-1).

Step 2. Open the Main Drain Valve and all auxiliary drains in the system. Close the auxiliary drain valves after water ceases to discharge. Leave the Main Drain Valve open.

Step 3. Depress the plunger of the Automatic Drain Valve to verify that it is open and that the DPV-1 Valve is completely drained.

Step 4. Open the Optional Alarm Control Valve, as applicable, if it was closed to silence local alarms.

Step 5. As necessary, replace all sprinklers that have operated. Replacement sprinklers must be of the same type and temperature rating as those which have operated.

NOTICE

In order to prevent the possibility of a subsequent operation of an overheated solder type sprinkler, any solder type sprinklers which were possibly exposed to a temperature greater than their maximum rated ambient must be replaced.

Step 6. Push down on the Reset Knob (Figure 2E) to allow the Clapper Assembly to re-seat.

Step 7. Pressurize the system with air (or nitrogen) to 10 psi (0,7 bar), and then individually open all auxiliary drain valves in the system piping to drain any remaining water in trapped sections. Close each drain valve as soon as water ceases to discharge.

Also partially open the Low Body Drain Valve to assure that the riser is completely drained. Close the Low Body Drain Valve as soon as water ceases to discharge.

Step 8. Refer to Table B and then restore the system to the normal system air pressure as necessary to hold the DPV-1 Valve closed.

Step 9. Depress the plunger on the Automatic Drain Valve to make sure it is open and that there is no air discharging.

The absence of air discharging from the Automatic Drain Valve is an indication of a properly set air seat within the DPV-1 Valve. If air is discharging, refer to the Care and Maintenance section under Automatic Drain Valve Inspection to determine/correct the cause of the leakage problem.

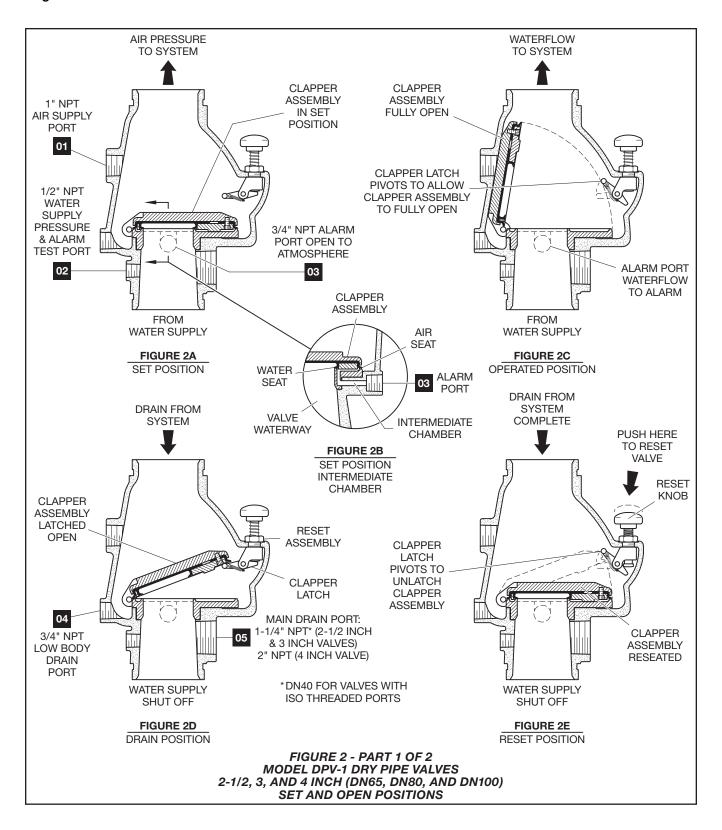
Step 10. Partially open the Main Control Valve. Slowly close the Main Drain Valve as soon as water discharges from the drain connection.

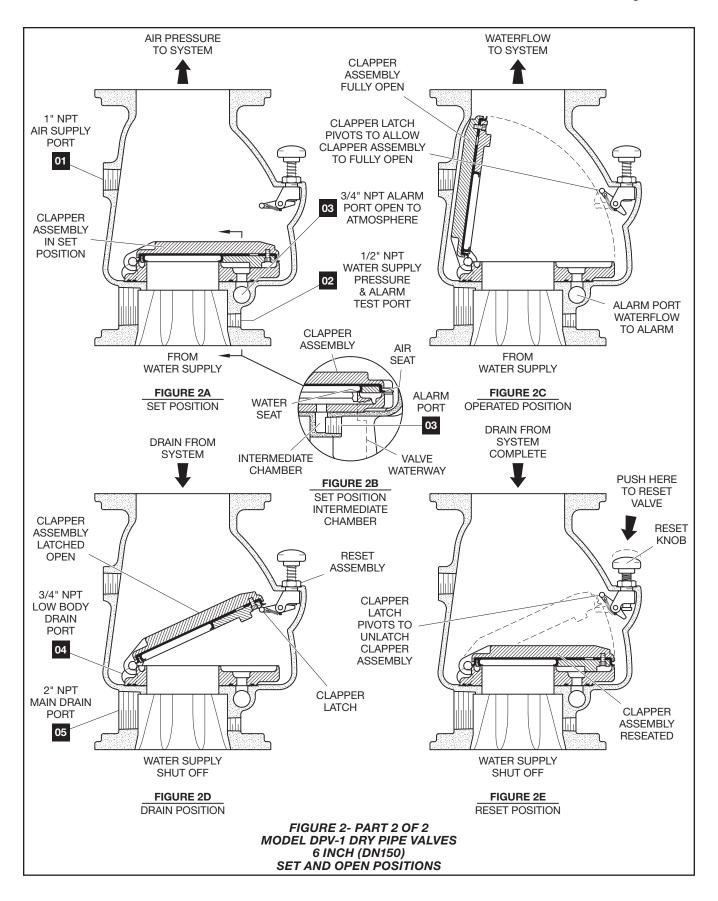
Depress the plunger on the Automatic Drain Valve to make sure that it is open and that there is no water discharging. The absence of water discharging from the Automatic Drain Valve is an indication of a properly set water seat within the DPV-1 Valve. If water is discharging, refer to the Care and Maintenance section under the Automatic Drain Valve Inspection to determine/correct the cause of the leakage problem.

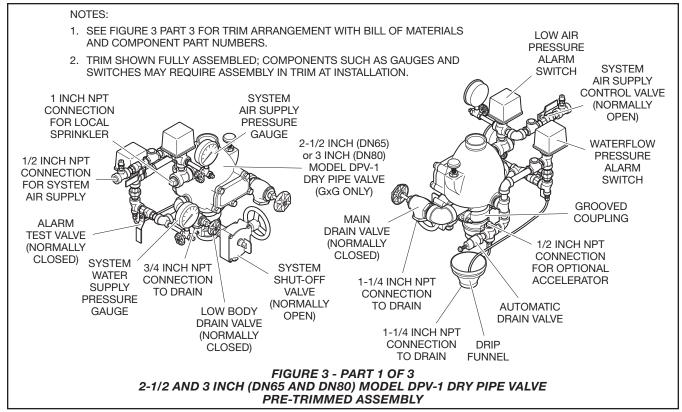
If there are no leaks, the DPV-1 Valve is ready to be placed in service and the Main Control Valve must then be fully opened.

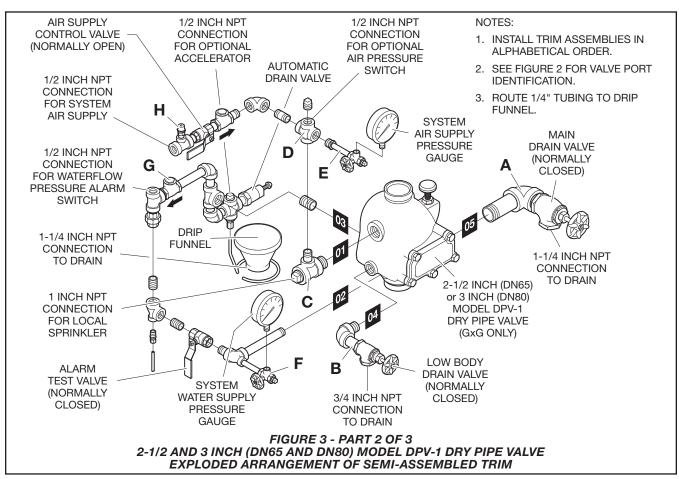
Note: After setting a fire protection system, notify the proper authorities and advise those responsible for monitoring proprietary and/or central station alarms.

Step 11. Once a week after a valve is reset following an operational test or system operation, the Low Body Drain Valve (and any low point drain valves) should be partially opened (and then subsequently closed) to relieve drainback water. Continue this procedure until drain-back water is no longer present.

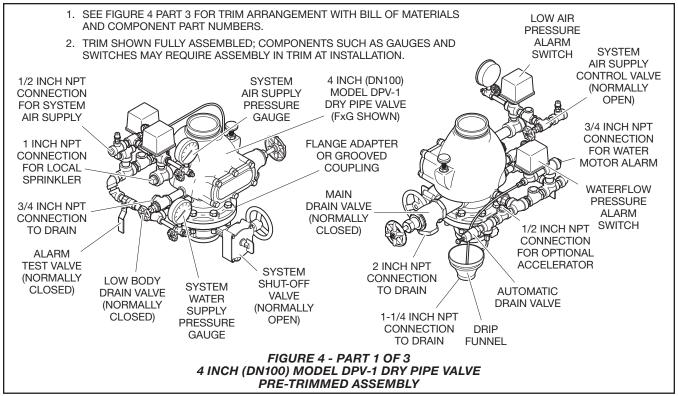


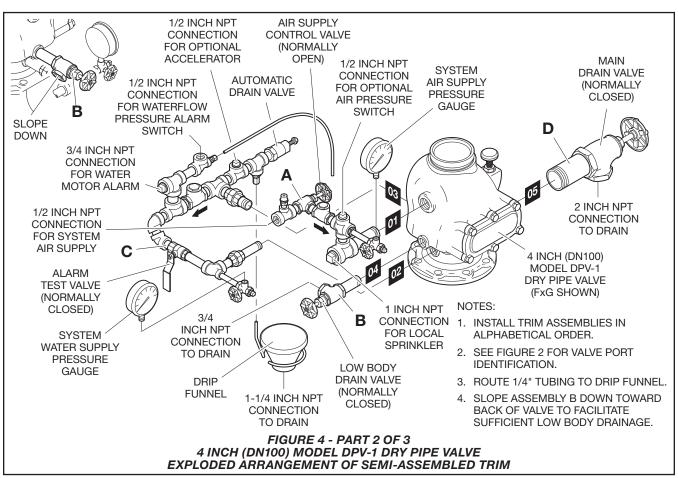


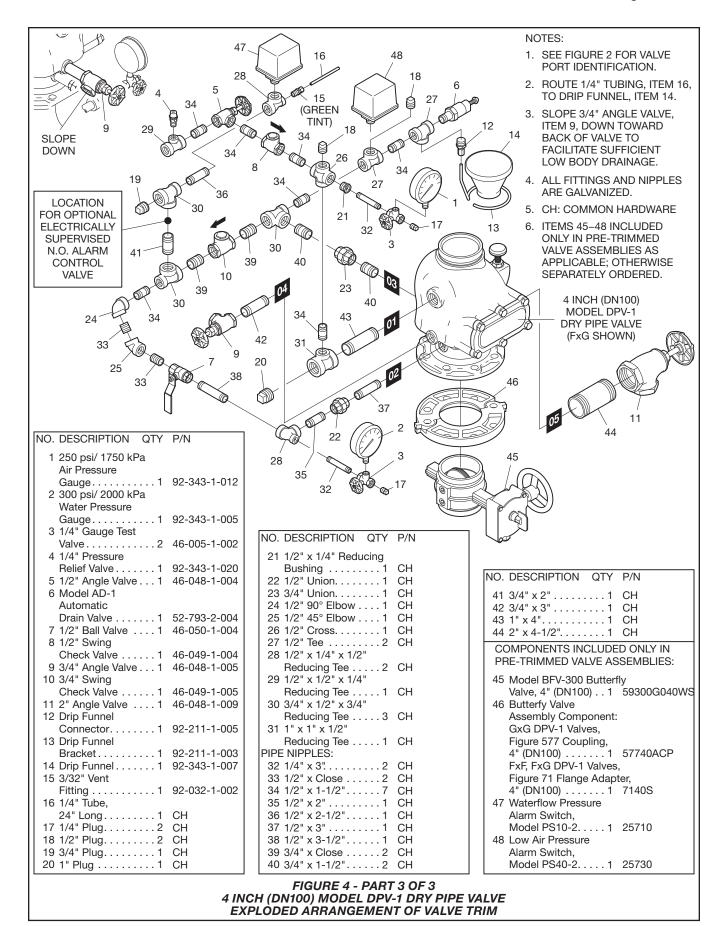


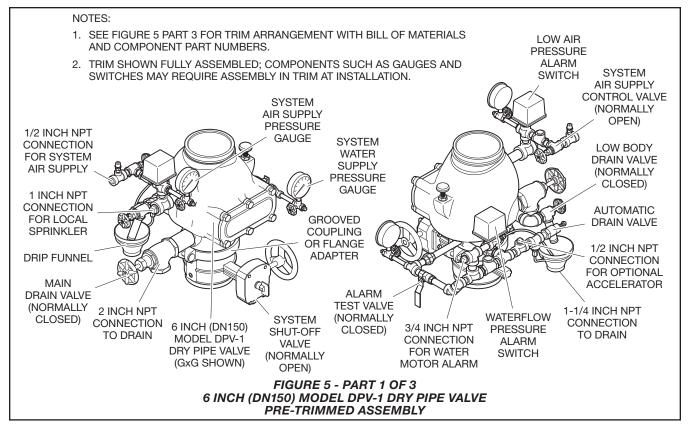


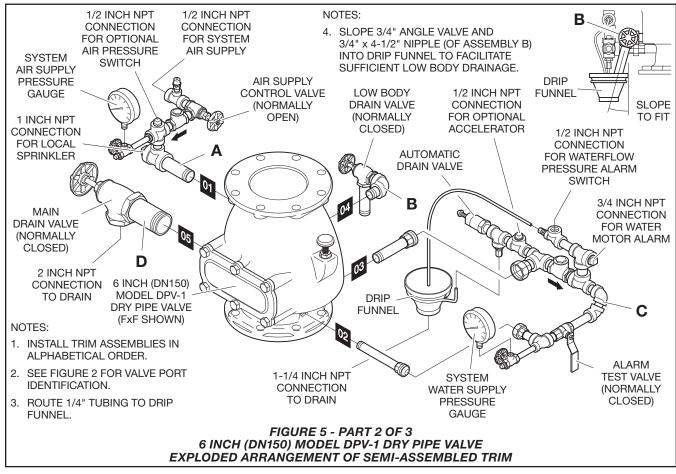
NO. DESCRIPTION QTY P/N	NO. DESCRIPTION QTY P/N	NO. DESCRIPTION QTY P/N			
1 250 psi/ 1750 kPa Air Pressure	13 3/32" Vent Fitting 1 92-032-1-002	28 1" x 1" x 1/2" Reducing Tee 1 CH			
Gauge	14 1/4" Tube, 18" Long1 CH	29 Not Used PIPE NIPPLES:			
Water Pressure	15 1/4" Plug 2 CH	30 1/4" x 3" 2 CH 31 1/2" x Close 4 CH			
Gauge1 92-343-1-005 3 1/4" Gauge Test	16 1/2" Plug2 CH 17 1" Plug1 CH	31 1/2" x Close 4 CH 32 1/2" x 1-1/2" 8 CH			
Valve	18 1/2" Union 1 CH	33 1/2" x 2" 1 CH			
4 Model AD-1 Automatic	19 1/2" x 1/4" Reducing Bushing 1 CH	34 1/2" x 4-1/2"1 CH 35 1/2" x 6"1 CH			
Drain Valve 1 52-793-2-004	20 1/2" 90° Elbow 3 CH	36 3/4" x Close 1 CH			
5 1/4" Pressure Relief Valve 1 92-343-1-020	21 3/4" 90° Elbow 1 CH 22 1-1/4" 90° Elbow 1 CH	37 3/4" x 1-1/2"1 CH 38 3/4" x 2-1/2"1 CH			
6 1/2" Ball Valve 2 46-050-1-004	23 1/2" Cross 2 CH 24 1/2" x 1/2" x 1/4"	39 1" x Close 1 CH 40 1-1/4" x Close 1 CH			
7 3/4" Angle Valve 1 46-048-1-005 8 1-1/4" Angle Valve . 1 46-048-1-007	Reducing Tee 1 CH	41 1-1/4" x 4"1 CH			
9 1/2" Swing Check Valve 2 46-049-1-004	25 1/2" Tee 1 CH 26 1/2" x 1/4" x 1/2"	COMPONENTS INCLUDED ONLY IN			
10 Drip Funnel	Reducing Tee 2 CH	PRE-TRIMMED VALVE ASSEMBLIES:			
Connector1 92-211-1-005 11 Drip Funnel	27 1/2" x 1/2" x 3/4" Reducing Tee 1 CH	42 Model BFV-300 Butterfly Valve,			
Bracket 1 92-211-1-003	neducing ree r Cn	2-1/2" (DN65) 1 59300G025WS			
12 Drip Funnel 1 92-343-1-007	15	3" (DN80)			
	45	2-1/2" (DN65) 1 57725ACP			
	Q-16	3" (DN80) 1 57730ACP 44 Waterflow Pressure			
20	7	Alarm Switch,			
	19	Model PS10-21 25710 45 Low Air Pressure			
6 32	32 30	Alarm Switch, Model PS40-21 25730			
5 32 32	23	Widdel P340-21 23730			
24	32 15				
34	17 39 3				
	28				
44 33 33	2-1/2 INCH (DN65) or 3 INCH (DN80)				
9 9	MODEL DPV-1				
25 31 27	DRY PIPE VALVE (GxG ONLY)				
31 LOCATION 31-3:					
	36 10 36	41 8			
SUPERVISED	32	22			
N.O. ALARM 20 CONTROL		05 40			
26 VALVE					
	12 37	NOTES			
(GREEN)		NOTES: 1. SEE FIGURE 2 FOR VALVE			
TINT) 14 21	43	PORT IDENTIFICATION.			
38	02 60 42	2. ROUTE 1/4" TUBING, ITEM 14,			
31 6		TO DRIP FUNNEL, ITEM 12. 3. ALL FITTINGS AND NIPPLES			
H 32	35 (())	ARE GALVANIZED.			
Ų s	26 2	4. CH: COMMON HARDWARE			
	30	5. ITEMS 42–45 INCLUDED ONLY IN PRE-TRIMMED			
	J + +	VALVE ASSEMBLIES AS			
		APPLICABLE; OTHERWISE SEPARATELY ORDERED.			
FIGURE 3 - PART 3 OF 3					
	NCH (DN65 AND DN80) MODEL DPV-1 (KPLODED ARRANGEMENT OF VALVE 1				
EAT LODED ATTIANGEMENT OF VALVE TAILY					

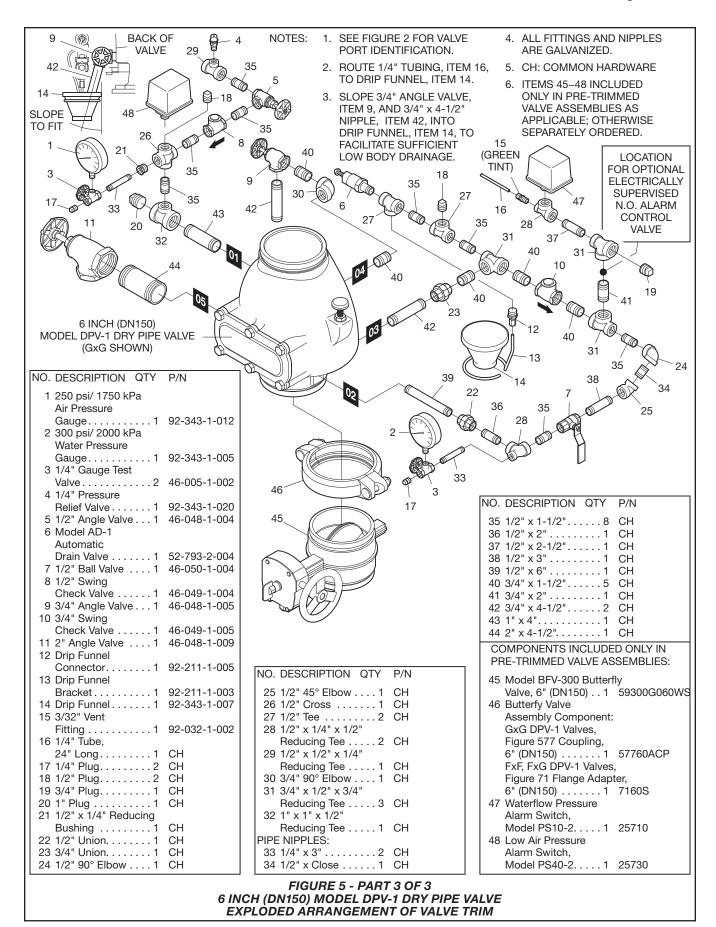


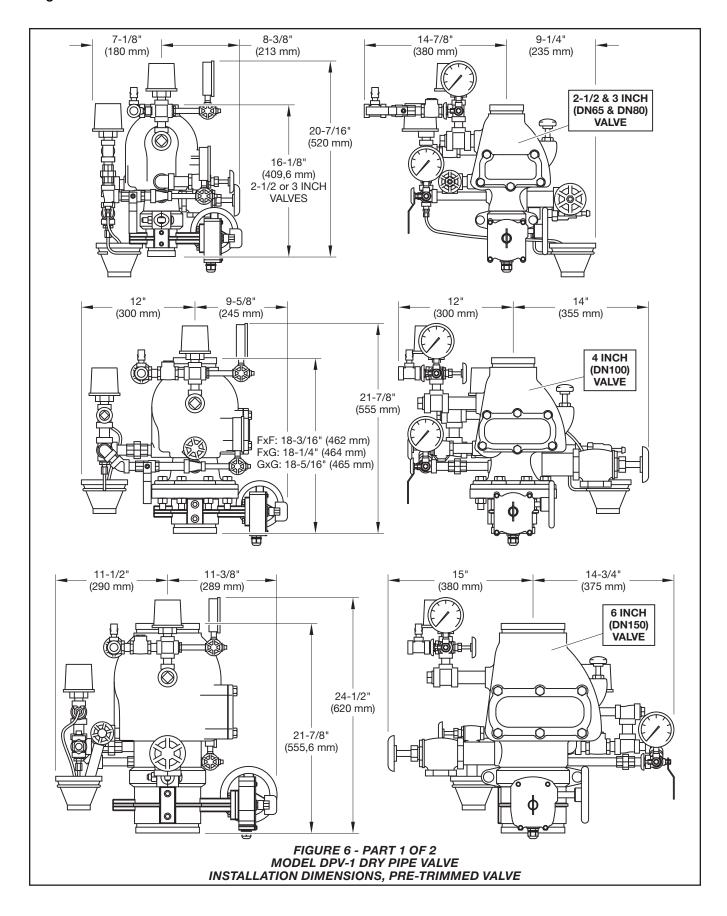


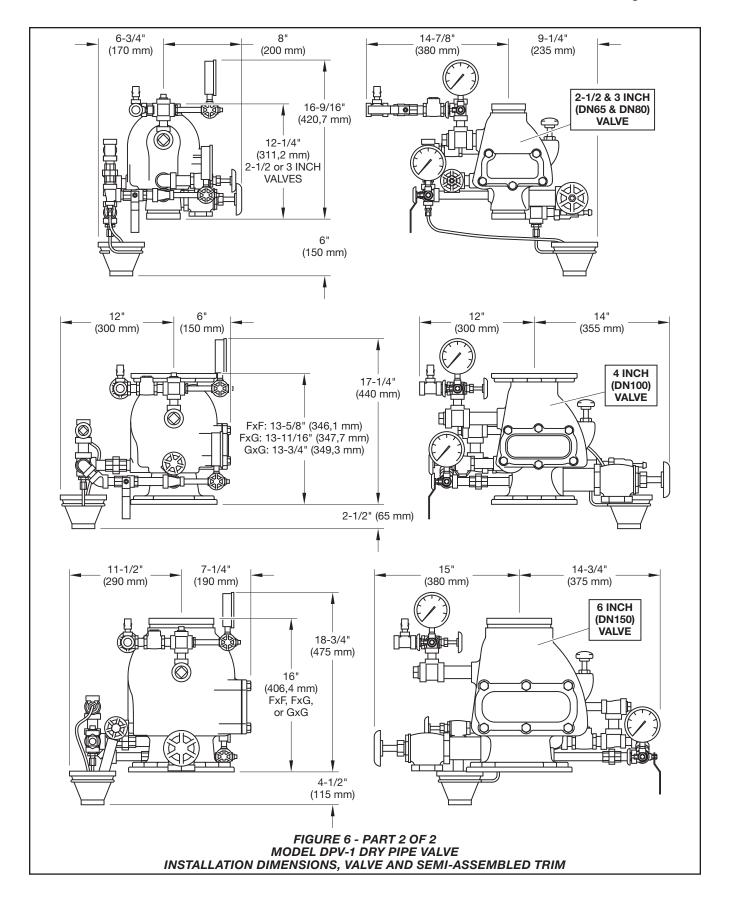












Care and Maintenance

The following procedures and inspections should be performed as indicated, in addition to any specific requirements of the NFPA, and any impairment must be immediately corrected.

Before closing a fire protection system main control valve for maintenance work on the fire protection system that it controls, permission to shut down the affected fire protection system must be obtained from the proper authorities and notify all personnel who may be affected by action.

The owner is responsible for the inspection, testing, and maintenance of their fire protection system and devices in compliance with this document, as well as with the applicable standards of the National Fire Protection Association (e.g., NFPA 25), in addition to the standards of any authority having jurisdiction. Contact the installing contractor or sprinkler manufacturer regarding any questions.

Automatic sprinkler systems are recommended to be inspected, tested, and maintained by a qualified Inspection Service in accordance with local requirements and/or national codes.

The operational test procedure and waterflow pressure alarm test procedure will result in operation of the associated alarms. Consequently, notification must first be given to the owner and the fire department, central station, or other signal station to which the alarms are connected.

Annual Operation Test Procedure Note: Unless otherwise noted, refer to Figure 3, 4, or 5 to identify functional trim components.

Proper operation of the DPV-1 Valve (i.e., opening of the DPV-1 Valve during a fire condition) should be verified at least once a year as follows:

Step 1. If necessary, prevent water from flowing beyond the riser by:

- · Close the Main Control Valve
- · Open the Main Drain Valve
- Open the Main Control Valve one turn beyond the position at which water just begins to flow from the Main Drain Valve
- Close the Main Drain Valve

Step 2. Open the system Inspector's Test Connection.

Step 3. Verify that the DPV-1 Valve has operated, as indicated by the flow of water into the system and that all waterflow alarms operate properly.

Step 4. Close the system Main Control Valve.

Step 5. Reset the DPV-1 Valve in accordance with the Valve Setting Procedure

Note: It is recommended that the requirement of NFPA 25 to annually inspect the inside of the valve be performed at this time and prior to resetting the DPV-1 Valve. Refer to the Automatic Drain Valve Inspection subsection Steps 2 through 5 for instructions with regard to the inspection of the Clapper Facing.

Quarterly Waterflow Alarm Test Procedure

Testing of the system waterflow alarms should be performed quarterly. To test the waterflow alarm, open the Alarm Test Valve, which will allow a flow of water to the Waterflow Pressure Alarm Switch and/or Water Motor Alarm. Upon satisfactory completion of the test, close the Alarm Test Valve.

Water Pressure Inspection

The Water Pressure Gauge is to be inspected monthly (per NFPA 25) to ensure that normal system water pressure is being maintained.

Air Pressure Inspection

The Air Pressure Gauge is to be inspected monthly (per NFPA 25) to ensure that normal system air pressure is being maintained.

Automatic Drain Valve Inspection

The Automatic Drain Valve should be inspected monthly (per NFPA 25) by depressing the plunger and checking to ensure that the Automatic Drain Valve is not discharging water and/or air. A discharge of water and/or air is an indication that the air and/or water seats are leaking, which could subsequently cause a false operation should the intermediate chamber become inadvertently pressurized.

If leakage is present, take the DPV-1 Valve out of service (i.e., close the main control valve, open the main drain valve, close the air supply control valve, remove the Dry Pipe Valve Accelerator from service, as applicable, in accordance with its Technical Data Sheet (Refer to TFP1105 for the VIZOR or TFP1112 for the ACC-1), and open the Inspector's Test Connection to relieve the system air pressure to 0 psig as indicated on the System Air Pressure

Nominal Valve Sizes in. (DN)	Torque lb-ft (N⋅m)
2-1/2	30
(DN65)	(41)
3	30
(DN80)	(41)
4	30
(DN100)	(41)
6	55
(DN150)	(75)

TABLE C HANDHOLE COVER BOLTS MAXIMUM TORQUE

Gauge), and then after removing the Handhole Cover, perform the following steps:

Step 1. Make sure that the Seat Ring is clean and free of any nicks or significant scratches.

Step 2. Remove the Clapper Assembly from the valve by first pulling out the Hinge Pin.

Step 3. Disassemble the Clapper Facing Retainer from the Clapper so that the Clapper Facing can be removed and inspected. Make sure that the Clapper Facing does not show signs of compression set, damage, etc. Replace the Clapper Facing if there is any signs of wear.

Step 4. Clean the Clapper Facing, Clapper, and Clapper Facing Retainer, and then reassemble the Clapper Assembly.

Step 5. Reinstall the Clapper Assembly with its Hinge Pin.

Step 6. Install Handhole Cover:

- a. Align Handhole Cover Gasket and Handhole Cover in proper orientation with valve body (Ref. Figure 1) and hold in place
- **b.** Apply LOCTITE No. 242 (or equivalent) to Hex Bolt threads
- Insert Hex Bolts through Handhole Cover Gasket and Handhole Cover, hand-tighten into valve body
- d. Using crossdraw sequence to assure uniformity, wrench-tighten Hex Bolts to appropriate torque values (Ref. Table C)
- e. Inspect to assure all Hex Bolts are securely tightened

Limited Warrantv

For warranty terms and conditions, visit www.tyco-fire.com.

Ordering Procedure

Groove v Groove

Contact your local distributor for availability. When placing an order, indicate the full product name and Part Number (P/N).

Standard DPV-1 Dry Pipe Valve

ANSI standard outside diameter (O.D.) pipe size with grooved or ANSI drilled flange end connections and NPT threaded ports.

Specify: (specify size) Model DPV-1 Dry Pipe Valve with (specify) End Connections, P/N (specify):

Groove x Groove,
ANSI 2.88 in. (73,1 mm) O.D. Grooves:
2-1/2 in. (DN65) G x G 52-310-1-925
Groove x Groove,
ANSI 3.50 in. (88,9 mm) O.D. Grooves:
3 in. (DN80) G x G 52-310-1-930
Groove x Groove,
ANSI 4.50 in. (114,3 mm) O.D. Grooves:
4 in. (DN100) G x G 52-310-1-940
Flange x Groove,
ANSI Flange x ANSI 4.50 in. (114,3 mm) O.D.
Groove:
4 in. (DN100) F x G 52-310-1-440
Flange x Flange,
ANSI Flanges:
4 in. (DN100) F x F 52-310-1-040
Groove xGroove,
ANSI 6.62 in. (168,3 mm) O.D. Grooves:
6 in. (DN150) G x G 52-310-1-960
Flange x Groove,
ANSI Flange x ANSI 6.62 in. (168,3 mm) O.D.
Groove:
6 in. (DN150) F x G 52-310-1-460
Flange x Flange,
ANSI Flanges:
6 in. (DN150) F x F 52-310-1-060

Pre-Trimmed DPV-1 Assemblies with Butterfly Valve

Specify: 2-1/2 in. DPV-1 Pre-Trimmed Valve Assembly, Grooved End Connections, P/N 52-310-3-925

Specify: 3 in. DPV-1 Pre-Trimmed Valve Assembly, Grooved End Connections, P/N 52-310-3-930

Specify: 4 in. DPV-1 Pre-Trimmed Valve Assembly, (specify) End Connection, P/N (specify):

Flange x Flange	52-310-3-040
Flange x Groove	52-310-3-440
Groove x Groove	52-310-3-940

Specify: 6 in. DPV-1 Pre-Trimmed Valve Assembly, (specify) End Connection, P/N (specify):

Flange x Flange	.52-310-3-060
Flange x Groove	
Groove x Groove	.52-310-3-960

Pre-Trimmed DPV-1 Assemblies without Butterfly Valve

Specify: 4 in. DPV-1 Pre-Trimmed Valve Assembly without Butterfly, (specify) End Connection, P/N (specify):

Flange x Flange	52-310-4-040
Flange x Groove	52-310-4-440

Specify: 6 in. DPV-1 Pre-Trimmed Valve Assembly without Butterfly, (specify) End Connection, P/N (specify):

Flange x Flange	52-310-4-060
Flange x Groove	52-310-4-460

Standard Galvanized Semi-Assembled DPV-1 Trim

Note: Valves with NPT threaded ports

are intended for use with the Standard Galvanized Semi-Assembled DPV-1 Valve Trim described in Figures 3, 4 and 5 of this document.

Specify: 2-1/2 and 3 in. DPV-1 Semi-Assembled Galvanized Trim, P/N 52-309-2-005

Specify: 4 in. DPV-1 Semi-Assembled Galvanized Trim, P/N 52-309-2-001

Specify: 6 in. DPV-1 Semi-Assembled Galvanized Trim. P/N 52-309-2-002

Optional Electronic Accelerator: **VIZOR Electronic Dry Pipe** Accelerator (with Trim)

(Ref. Technical Data Sheet TFP1105)

Specify: VIZOR Electronic Dry Pipe Accelerator for use with the 4 or 6 in. TYCO Model DPV-1 Dry Pipe Valve Trim, P/N 52-312-3-001

Optional Mechanical Accelerator: Model ACC-1 Dry Pipe Accelerator (Ref. Technical Data Sheet TFP1112)

Specify: Model ACC-1 Dry Pipe Accelerator, P/N 52-311-1-001, and Galvanized Accelerator Trim for Model DPV-1 Dry Pipe Valve, P/N 52-311-2-010

Optional 600 PSI Water Pressure Gauge:

Specify: 600 PSI Water Pressure Gauge, P/N 92-343-1-004

Accessories

Refer to Technical data Sheets describing the following accessories, as applicable.

Specify: Description, P/N (specify):

Model PS10-2 Potter Electric Waterflow
Pressure Alarm Switch
(Ref. Potter Electric Technical Data Sheet)
Model PS40-2 Potter Electric Low Air
Pressure Alarm Switch
(Ref. Potter Electric Technical Data Sheet)
Model WMA-1
Water Motor Alarm52-630-1-001
(Ref. Technical Data Sheet TFP921)
Model AMD-1
Air Maintenance Device
(Ref. Technical Data Sheet TFP1221)
Model AMD-2
Air Maintenance Device
(Ref. Technical Data Sheet TFP1231)
Model AMD-3
Nitrogen Maintenance Device52-328-2-001
(Ref. Technical Data Sheet TFP1241)

Replacement Valve Parts

Specify: (description) for use with (specify size) Model DPV-1 Dry Pipe Valve, P/N (see Figure 1).

Replacement Trim Parts

Specify: (description) for use with (specify size) Model DPV-1 Dry Pipe Valve, P/N (see Figures 3, 4, or 5).

Other DPV-1 Dry Pipe Valves

Notes: Other DPV-1 Dry Pipe Valves are valves ordered with any combination of flange drilling, pipe groove outside diameter (O.D.), or port thread specification not offered as Standard DPV-1 Dry Pipe Valves.

Valves with NPT threaded ports are intended for use with the Standard Galvanized Semi-Assembled DPV-1 Valve Trim described in Figures 3, 4 and 5 of this document. Valves with ISO threaded ports are intended for use with special order trim that is provided by local distributors to meet the specific needs of certain localities. Please contact your local distributor regarding valves and valve trim for specific localities.

Specify: (specify size) Model DPV-1 Dry Pipe Valve with (specify) End Connections and (specify NPT or ISO) threaded ports, P/N (specify):

Other 2-1/2 in. (DN65) Valves with NPT Threaded Ports

Groove x Groove,	
3.00 in. (76,1 mm) O.D.	
Grooves	-309-1-930

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Flange x Flange,

Flange x Flange,

Other 2-1/2 in. (DN65) Valves with ISO Threaded Ports Groove x Groove, ANSI 2.88 in. (73,0 mm) O.D. Grooves
Other 3 in. (DN80) Valves with ISO Threaded Ports Groove x Groove, ANSI 3.50 in. (88,9 mm) O.D. Grooves
Other 4 in. (DN100) Valves with NPT Threaded Ports Flange x Groove, ISO Flange x ANSI 4.50 in. (114,3 mm) O.D. Groove
Groove

Other 4 in. (DN100)	Valves
with ISO Threaded	Ports
CHARLES V. CHARLES	

Groove x Groove, ANSI 4.50 in. (114,3 mm) O.D. Flange x Groove, ISO Flange x ANSI 4.50 in. (114,3 mm) O.D. Flange x Flange,

Other 6 in. (DN150) Valves

with NPT Threaded Ports Groove x Groove, 6.50 in. (165,1 mm) O.D. ANSI Flange x 6.50 in. (165,1 mm) O.D. Flange x Groove, ISO Flange x ANSI 6.62 in. (168,3 mm) O.D. ISO Flange x 6.50 in. (165,1 mm) O.D. AS Flange x ANSI 6.62 in. (168,3 mm) O.D. AS Flange x 6.50 in. (165,1 mm) O.D. Flange x Groove, JIS Flange x ANSI 6.62 in. (168,3 mm) O.D. JIS Flange x 6.50 in. (165,1 mm) O.D. Flange x Flange, Flange x Flange, Flange x Flange,

Other 6 in. (DN150) Valves with ISO Threaded Ports

Groove x Groove.

ANSI 6.62 in.(168,3 mm) O.D. Grooves
Groove x Groove, 6.50 in. (165,1 mm) O.D.
Grooves
Flange x Groove,
ISO Flange x ANSI 6.62 in. (168,3 mm) O.D.
Groove
Flange x Groove,
ISO Flange x 6.50 in. (165,1 mm) O.D.
Groove
Flange x Flange,
ISO Flanges 52-309-1-115

